

## Product Datasheet

### GAPDH Polyconal Antibody GRP611

#### Description

Has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and nitrosylase activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions, respectively. Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis. Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC. Modulates the organization and assembly of the cytoskeleton. Facilitates the CHP1-dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to microtubules (By similarity). Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first step of the pathway by converting D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate. Component of the GAIT (gamma interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes. Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation.

#### Species/Host

Rabbit

#### Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Conjugation

Unconjugated

#### Tested Applications

WB

#### Immunogen

Recombinant full length human GAPDH

#### Form/Appearance

Aqueous buffered solution containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.09% sodium azide.

#### Concentration

1ug/ul

#### Storage

Store at -20°C for 12 months.

#### Note

For research use only.

#### Isotype

IgG

#### Clonality

Polyclonal

#### Purity

Purified by Protein A.

#### Uniprot ID

**P04406**

#### Entrez

**2597**

#### Dilution Range

WB: 1:300-1000

