

Product Datasheet

PKC alpha/beta 2 (Thr638/641) Antibody GRP512

Description

Protein Kinase c alpha (PKC alpha) is an 77 kDa member of the conventional group (cPKCs: sensitive to calcium, diacylglycerol, phosphatidylserine and phorbol esters) of the PKC family of serine/ threonine kinases that are involved in a wide range of physiological processes including mitogenesis, cell survival and transcriptional regulation. PKC alpha is an ubiquitously expressed PKC isozyme that has been implicated in the regulation of a broad range of cellular functions including proliferation, differentiation, development, migration, cell cell adhesion, cell extracellular matrix adhesion, and solute transport. The activation loop threonine (threonine 497 in PKC alpha) of conventional PKCs is phosphorylated by phosphoinositide dependent kinase 1 (PDK1). This phosphorylation is necessary for the autophosphorylation of threonine 638 in the carboxy terminus of PKC alpha, a step that is critical for regulating the rate of PKC alpha dephosphorylation and inactivation.

Species/Host

Rabbit

Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog

Conjugation

Unconjugated

Tested Applications

IHC-P, WB

Immunogen

KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human PKC alpha/beta II around the phosphorylation site of Thr638/641 (public_immunogen_range: 606-641/672)

Form/Appearance

Aqueous buffered solution containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration

1ug/ul

Storage

Store at -20°C for 12 months.

Note

For research use only.

Isotype

IgG

Clonality

Polyclonal

Purity

Purified by Protein A.

Uniprot ID

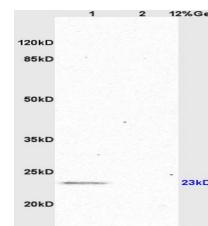
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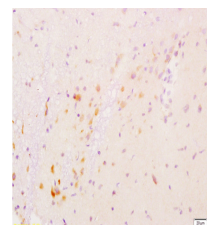
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Dilution Range

WB: 1:300-1000, IHC-P: 1:200-400



WB of GRP512



IHC-P of GRP512