

## Product Datasheet

### Estrogen Receptor alpha + beta Antibody GRP211

#### Description

The estrogen receptor (ER) is a 66 kDa protein that mediates the actions of estrogens in estrogen responsive tissues. It is a member of a large superfamily of nuclear hormone receptors that function as ligand activated transcription factors. The ER gene consists of more than 140 kb of genomic DNA divided into 8 exons. These translate into a protein with six functionally discrete domains, labeled A through F. A second form of the estrogen receptor, ER beta has recently been described. The ER is an important regulator of growth and differentiation in the mammary gland. Presence of ER in breast tumors indicates an increased likelihood of response to anti estrogen (e.g. tamoxifen) therapy.

#### Species/Host

Rabbit

#### Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat

#### Conjugation

Unconjugated

#### Tested Applications

IHC-P, WB

#### Immunogen

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Estradiol Receptor alpha + beta

#### Form/Appearance

Aqueous buffered solution containing 1% BSA, 50% glycerol and 0.09% sodium azide.

#### Concentration

1ug/ul

#### Storage

Store at -20°C for 12 months.

#### Note

For research use only.

#### Isotype

IgG

#### Clonality

Polyclonal

#### Purity

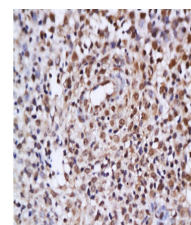
Purified by Protein A.

#### Entrez

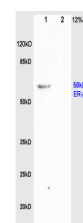
**2099, 2100**

#### Dilution Range

WB: 1:300-1000, IHC-P: 1:200-400



WB of GRP211



IHC-P of GRP211