

German Research Products - GRP GmbH

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## **Product Datasheet**

## Fibrinogen, labelled with fluorescein **GRP13243**

Species/Host Chicken

Reactivity Human, Rat, Pig, Rabbit

Predicted Reactivity Bovine, Mouse

Tested Applications FC

Immunogen Purified, full length native fibrinogen UniProt:Q9UE34

Form/Appearance Liquid in 0.15M sodium chloride, 0.02M sodium phosphate, 0.1%

sodium azide, pH 7.2

**Storage** Store at 4°C; make aliquots to avoid working with a stock. Please,

remember to spin tubes briefly prior to opening them to avoid any losses that might occur from liquid material adhering to the

cap or sides of the tubes.

**Note** For research use only.

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Purity Affinity purified IgY

MW 24 kDa

Uniprot ID Q9UE34

Dilution Range 1: 10 (FC)

**Application Notes** Additional Information: The antibodies have been shown to react with activated

human, porcine, rat and rabbit platelets. The IgY fraction is isolated by a two-step PEG precipitation procedure followed by ammonium sulphate precipitation. Labelled with fluorescein. Affinity purified on human fibrinogen agarose. Background: Fibrinogen is the main protein of blood coagulation system. It is a large protein and it consists of two identical subunits that contain three polypeptide chains: alpha, beta and gamma. All chains are connected with each other by a number of disulfide bonds. Fibrinopeptides A (1 to 16 amino acids) and B (1 to 17 amino acids) are released by thrombin from the N-terminal parts of alpha and beta chains, respectively. In this way fibrinogen is converted into fibrin, which by means of polymerization forms a fibrin clot. Fibrinogen clotting underlies pathogenesis of MI, thromboembolism and thromboses of arteries and veins, since fibrin is the main substrate for thrombus formation. Fibrinogen activation is also involved in pathogenesis of inflammation, tumor growth and many other diseases. The normal fibrinogen concentration in plasma is about 3 mg/ml. The elevated level of fibrinogen in patient's blood is regarded as an independent risk factor for cardiovascular diseases. An increase in blood fibrinogen concentration was shown to be a strong predictor of coronary heart

disease (Sonel et al. 2000; Rapold et al. 1989).