

## Product Datasheet

### Donkey anti-Goat IgG (H&L), HRP conjugated GRP12460

<b>Species/Host</b>	Donkey
<b>Form/Appearance</b>	Lyophilized
<b>Storage</b>	Store lyophilized material at 2-8°C. For long time storage after reconstitution, dilute the antibody solution with glycerol to a final concentration of 50% glycerol and store as liquid at -20°C, to prevent loss of enzymatic activity. For example, if you have reconstituted 1 mg of antibody in 1.1 ml of sterile water add 1.1 ml of glycerol. Such solution will not freeze in -20°C. If you are using a 1:5000 dilution prior to diluting with glycerol, then you would need to use a 1:2500 dilution after adding glycerol. Prepare working dilution prior to use and then discard. Be sure to mix well but without foaming.
<b>Note</b>	For research use only.
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Purity</b>	Affinity purified IgG
<b>Dilution Range</b>	The optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.
<b>Application Notes</b>	<p>Additional Information: This antibody reacts with the heavy chains on goat IgG and with the light chains on all goat immunoglobulins based on immunoelectrophoresis. Minimum cross-reactivity is observed to non-immunoglobulin goat serum proteins. Antibody is supplied in 10 mM sodium phosphate, 150 mM sodium chloride, pH 7.2, 10 % (w/v) BSA, Protease/IgG free and 0.1 % (v/v) Kathon CG is used as preservative. Use of sodium azide will inhibit enzymatic activity of horseradish peroxidase. BSA and milk have to be replaced by other blocking reagents, like donkey serum or commercial formulations which are free from bovine IgG. Background: Donkey anti-goat IgG (H&amp;L), HRP conjugated is a secondary antibody which binds to goat IgGs in immunological assays. Antibodies are affinity purified using solid phase goat IgG. Reconstitution: For reconstitution add 1.1 ml of sterile water. Let it stand 30 minutes at room temperature to dissolve. Prepare fresh working dilutions daily.</p>