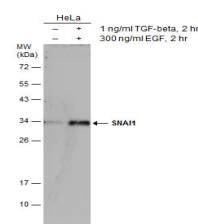


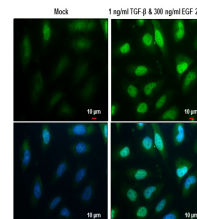
Product Datasheet

SNAI1 antibody GRP154

Description	The Drosophila embryonic protein snail is a zinc finger transcriptional repressor which downregulates the expression of ectodermal genes within the mesoderm. The nuclear protein encoded by this gene is structurally similar to the Drosophila snail protein, and is also thought to be critical for mesoderm formation in the developing embryo. At least two variants of a similar processed pseudogene have been found on chromosome 2. [provided by RefSeq]
Species/Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Tested Applications	ICC, IF, IHC-P, WB
Immunogen	Recombinant protein encompassing a sequence within the center region of human SNAI1. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Form/Appearance	Liquid: 1XPBS, 20% Glycerol (pH7). 0.025% ProClin 300 was added as a preservative.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage	Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. For short-term storage (1-2 weeks), store at 4°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
Note	For research use only.
Isotype	IgG
Clonality	Polyclonal
Purity	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.
Uniprot ID	O95863
Entrez	6615
Dilution Range	WB: 1:500-1:3000, ICC: 1:100-1:1000, IHC-P: 1:100-1:1000



Untreated (â€“) and treated (+) HeLa whole cell extracts (30 µg) were separated by 12% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with SNAI1 antibody (GRP606) diluted at 1:1000. The HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG antibody was used to detect the primary an



SNAI1 antibody detects SNAI1 protein at cytoplasm and nucleus by immunofluorescent analysis. Sample: HeLa cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde at RT for 15 min. Green: SNAI1 protein stained by SNAI1 antibody (GRP606) diluted at 1:1000. Blue: Hoechst 33342